THE BLACK RANGE.

DEVOTED TO THE MINING INTERESTS OF THE BLACK RANGE COUNTRY.

VOL. I. CHLORIDE, SOCORRO COUNTY, N. M., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1883. NO. 46.

MEN TO PATRONIZE.

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The Porosity of Rocks.

Persons visiting the Comstock have often expressed surprise that no great cavities or caves were to be seen at points where they were told great rushes of water had occurred, which had flooded several levels and filled up shafts to a great hight. Our mining superintendents and mining men generally know that certain kinds of rock hold vast quantities of water, but experiment has never been made on the Comstock for the purpose of ascertaining the exact or even approximate quantity.

In England the matter is being pretty thoroughly investigated. At the recent meeting of the British association, C. D. De Race read the report of a committee appointed for the purpose of investigating the circulation of underground water in the permeable formations of England, and the quality and quantity of water supplied to various towns and districts from those formations, to which was added an appendix or the density and porosity of rock, in relation to the water supply. A knowledge of the porosity of rocks was stated to be important as regards the water supply, the suitability of stone for building purposes, and in accounting for the lithological changes often observed in the strata of the earth. Though the matter had not escaped investigation, the vast volume of water stored in rocks had not been fully realized.

The density of the old red sandstone was 2.61, the volume of water absorbed by a cubic foot being over .707 gallons, and a square mile three feet thick, 59,000,000 gallons. Conglomerated beds of the same formation are still more absorbent, being capable of taking .85 gallons per cubic foot, or 67,000,000 gallons per square mile, three feet thick. The mul-stone grits which lay at the base of the coal measures vary much in localities, that found in the forest of Dean being most porous and absorbing 66,000,000 to the square mile, three feet thick. Some of the coal measure grits also absorb large volumes of water. The Pennant rock, 900 feet thick, in the Bristol coal field, was capable of absorbing 12,000 in a square mile, three feet thick, and specimens of magnesia limestone taken from the neighborhood of Bristol gave 86,000,000 gallons, but the carboniferous limestone was quite the reverse, absorbing only 3,500,000 gallons.

Oblites were stated to hold vast stores of water, and the rock was used extensively for building purposes. From an analysis of rock it is clear that nothing in their chemical composition could purify the water, and in order to get rid of organic contamination, there must be oxidation, and the oxidizing agent was considered to exist in the air, absorbed by the water and air contained in the interstices of the rock.—Scientific Press.

The Ideal Mule.

No wonder the mule is a kicker. Were I mule I too would kick. I know just exactly what kind of a mule I would be. A bay mule. One of those sad-eyed old fellows that lean back in their breeching and think. With striped legs like a zebra. And a dark brown streak down my back, and a paint brush tail. And my main cut short, and my foretop banged, and a head as long as a flour barrel, and I'd be worth two hundred and a half in any market, and I'd wear a flat harness and no blinders, and some day when some man hitched me up to a dray and piled on a ton and a half of pig-iron, a cord of wood, six barrels of flour and a steamboat boiler, I would start off with it patiently and haul it steadily until I got to the top of the grade on the new road around North Hill, and right about there and then a falling maple leaf fluttering down in a spark of gold and crimson would scare me all but to death, and the authorities would have to drag the Mississippi six weeks to find all of that load and some of that driver, while in three minutes after the emeute I would be tranquilly browsing on the grassy heights that smile above the silver flowing river. That is the kind of a mule I would be.—Burlington Hawkeye.

Pacific Coast Nabobs.

The biggest fortunes on the Pacific coast are those of the Central Pacific railroad managers, and ex-Governor Stanford is the richest of the group. His wealth is estimated at $75,000,000; that is, his yearly income is equal to the interest on such a capital, and his property is constantly increasing in value. He owns more than $5,000,000 alone in San Francisco in real estate, to say nothing of his farms, vineyards, breeding ranches, etc. The ex-Governor has but one child, Leland, Jr., a lad of about fifteen.

The richest widow on the Pacific coast, or in the country for that matter, with the possible exception of Mrs. Cornelia Stewart, is Mrs. Mark Hopkins, widow of one of the Central Pacific syndicate. Her husband's estate proved up to $23,000,000, and the only two men in California who could justify on the widow's bond as executrix were Leland Stanford and Charles Crocker, two of her husband's business associates. They were compelled to justify in twice the amount of the estate, and each swore that he was worth $46,000,000.

The richest young and unmarried woman on the Pacific coast is Miss Jennie Flood, only daughter of the bonanza king.

The richest prospective heiress in California is Miss Hattie Crocker, the only daughter of Charles Crocker, another of the railroad syndicate. She also is a charming girl, and, like Miss Flood, is rather plain in appearance. She is noted for her charities and domestic virtues. She was sought in marriage by Lord Beaumont, an English nobleman, but she gave him no encouragement, and it is believed prefers to remain single. Mr. Crocker has two other children, sons, but his immense wealth will give all a princely fortune.

Threw in One.

There is a grocer in a certain small town in this state who has always been called the stingiest man in Michigan, and many stories are afloat about his breaking crackers in two and taking out pinches of flour to make exact weight. It seems, however, that he has been harshly judged. A few days ago he had a lot of cranberries displayed at the door, and a lady pedestrian halted and asked:

"Are these fresh?"

"Oh, yes."

"How much a quart?"

"Twenty cents, madam."

"That's 10 cents for a pint, 5 cents for a gill, 2½ for half a gill, 1¼—"

"Do you want a quart?"

"Oh, no. I was reading that corns could be cured by binding on a split cranberry. I have two corns and one berry would answer for both. I'll give you a cent for a single berry."

"Very well—take it along. Hold on. Let's see—let's see—yes, I can do it. I'll throw in an extra berry, madam, and do both up in a parcel. I am bound to please my customers if I don't make a cent!"—Free Press.

The Longest Bridge in the World.

The longest bridge now in actual use is the one that crosses the St. Lawrence river at Montreal; a tubular structure resting on massive stone piers. One opening measures 320 feet, and twenty-four others 240 feet each. Its total length is 9,437 feet, of which the tubular part measures 7,000 feet. The grandest suspension bridge in the world is the one now nearly completed across the East river, between New York and Brooklyn, at the enormous cost of $13,708,026, which will reach about $15,000,000 before it is finished and equipped. It is 5,989 feet in length. Another enormous suspension bridge, which will eventually measure more than the one just named, is the new bridge across the Forth, at Queensbury, Scotland, to be completed in 1885. The Forth is rather more than a mile wide at this point, and the necessary approaches will make the entire structure about one and one-third miles long. A large part of it will rest on piers, but it will contain two suspension spans, one of which will be the same length as the main span of the New York and Brooklyn bridge. There are the Parkersburg bridge, West Virginia, 7,045 feet; the St. Charles bridge, over the Missouri, 6,536 feet; bridge over the Rhine, at Mayence, 3,980 feet; bridge over the Tongabudha, near Bombay, India, 3,730 feet; bridge across the Missouri, at Omaha, 2,800 feet; bridge over the Mississippi at Quincy, 2,790 feet, and the railway suspension bridge at Niagara, 2,220 feet.

An Impressario once approached a mule and offered him advantageous terms to become a Prima Donna. "Alas!" quoth the mule with a sigh, "That is an impossibility, for though I have an ear for music, my voice is sadly attuned." But you can kick?" inquired the Impressario. "At kicking," admitted the mule, "I am positively peerless." "Then," exclaimed the Impressario, "you have the highest qualifications of a Prima Donna. Consider yourself engaged."—Denver Tribune.

How Fair Lost a Million.

It was but four years ago that Senator Fair, of Nevada, got caught to the tune of a million, by Robert Sherwood, another mining capitalist, who used to sell watches and finger rings. At the time of the Sierra Nevada deal Sherwood owned 5,000 shares of Union Consolidated, then rated in the market at $200 a share. Fair was blustering around one day in the Nevada block about what was going to be shown up in the mine, and how much higher the stock was going. Sherwood, who is a very quiet and cautious man, hoped it was all true, but had his doubts. "I suppose you'd like to peddle out your stock, then," said Fair, with a sneer. "No, I don't care to peddle it, but I'll sell it," was the reply. "What'll you take?" "Market price," was the answer. There was a small crowd around, and all were eying Fair to see how he'd stand the bluff. He saw he was in for it, and there was nothing to do but go ahead. "I'll give you $175." "No, nothing but market price. I can peddle it out at that," said Mr. Sherwood, with a laugh. "What is it now?" and both walked to the ticker. "Union, $201, $203," said some one. "I'll give you $200," said Fair. "I'll take it," said Sherwood; "give me your check." "Come into the bank," and in ten minutes the burly senator had Mr. Sherwood's 5,000 shares of stock, and $1,000,000 had passed to Mr. Sherwood's bank account. There was considerable excitement on the street over the sale but it did not brace up the market. The stock steadily dropped, and to-day it is not worth $5 a share.—St. Louis Globe.

Breaking a Merchant's Heart.

It was a clothing dealer on the Bowery, and as the slab-sided young man opened the door he rubbed his hands over each other and said:

"Come in, my frent. I guess you vas lookin' for an ofercoat. Try on dis one, for $7."

"Thankee. I've got about $80 in my pocket, and I thought—"

"Ah! Mine frent, you vas come to de right blace. How you like a blue suit for $10?"

"I've got about $80 in my pocket, and was looking for—"

"Take dis gray for $14. You nefer had such a pargain in all your days."

"As I was saying, I've got about $80, and I want to buy a pretty fair one."

"Here is one, all wool, for $12; shump right into it."

"A pretty fair one, with silver-plated handles," continued the young man.

"I've got 'em! I'm der only dealer in all Ny York who geep ofergoats mit silver-blated handles."

"I don't mean overcoats."

"No?"

"I mean coffins. Let's see your latest fall styles."

"My frent," whispered the dealer, as he took his arm, "I don't geep goffins. Ven I realize dot you haf $80 in your bocket und I haf no goffins to sell, I feel dot I might as vell gif up dis mad struggle for riches. Haf some pity on a broken-hearted man, und take two bed gwilts at $3 abiece, und let dot goffin go."—Wall Street News.

A stranger journeying in France fell sick unto death. His friend called in a physician, who demurred about giving his professional services, fearing the withal might not be forthcoming to settle the bill. The friend, producing a 200-franc bill, said, "Kill him or cure him, and this is yours." The sick man died and was buried, and the doctor, finding his money slow to appear, reminded the survivor of the debt. "Did you cure him?" he asked. "No, sir." Did you kill him?" "Certainly not." Then you have no claim on me sir; I wish you good day."

The grandpa is an invalid, aged somewhere between 50 and 100 years, of a promiscuous temperament, and is a common occurrence in all well-regulated families. Next to a healthy mother-in-law, they have more active business on hand than any other party in the household. They are the standard authority on all leading topics, and what they don't know about things that took place sixty-five years ago, or will take place for the next sixty-five years to come, is a damage for any man to know. Grandpas are not entirely useless; they are handy to hold babies and feed the pigs, and are very smart at mending a broken broom handle; and sifting coal ashes, and are good at putting up clothes-lines on washing days. I have seen grandpas that could churn good, but I consider it a mighty mean trick to set an old fellow of 80 years to churning butter. I am a grandpa myself, but I won't churn butter for no concern.

THE BLACK RANGE.

Friday, February 23, 1883.

PUBLISHED BY THE

Black Range Printing Company.

NEWS NOTES.

Richard Wagner, the eminent German musical composer is dead.

The relief fund of the board of trade of Chicago for the flood sufferers is $70,000.

The great iron firm of John C. Ayers & Sons, of Chicago, has failed for $2,000,000.

Colleuder's seven-story billiard factory burned on the 14th inst., from spontaneous combustion. Loss $225,000.

Among the novel contributions to the sufferers by the flood at Cincinnati, were four gross of stove polish from Chicago.

The assistant postmaster of Brooklyn, turned from a pile of bills amounting to $2,200 to answer an inquiry, and soon discovered that the money had vanished.

The water pipes were frozen in all parts of the city of Denver. It will cost private parties $10,000 for repairs. Many of the main pipes also were frozen.

An explosion of fire-damp wrecked a three-story brick building in which fourteen families numbering fifty seven people were living, in Cincinnati. Two persons were killed and four fatally injured.

A report was received at St. Louis that an immense ice gorge in Missouri, at St Charles, came rushing down, accompanied by high and swift waters and overflowed the bottoms and almost submerged the village Bratherton. The government works are swept away at St. Charles. The car works are submerged.

A terrible disaster is reported from the Braidwood mine, near Chicago. The ground sagged under the weight of water that had saturated and loosened it. Three hundred men were in the mine, sixty-two of whom were in the shaft which caught the bulk of the falling debris and was instantly flooded. Every one of them were drowned or smothered in five minutes. The miners not in the unfortunate shaft escaped.

Two heavy freight trains collided on the Ohio division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad in Franklin tunnel near Blair. Both engines kept the track, the timbers and cars piling on top, embedding in the roof of the tunnel, letting down loose rocks and completely wrecking the tunnel. Engineer Rutherford was buried beneath the wreck and killed, fireman Hems was scalded to death, Jno. Graham, brakeman, had his thigh smashed and will die, James Snyder, brakeman, had his back broken and will also die.

At Cincinnati during the recent flood the river rose to a height of sixty-six feet and four inches above low water mark, being three feet and one inch higher than ever known before. It is estimated that five thousand persons were rendered destitute and homeless, and that $500,000 will be needed for relief. Up to the 16th, the contributions had reached $111,000. Drexel, Morgan & Co., bankers of New York, telegraphed contributions of $5,000. J. Gould contributed $1,000. A benefit performance by Mrs. Langtry, realized $1,100 At Lawrenceburg, Ind., two hundred houses were overturned or washed away. Three thousand people were driven from their homes with nothing but the clothes they wore. The loss at this place will reach half a million dollars. At New Albany, Ind., one thousand families in the city and three hundred in the immediate vicinity are driven from home, seeking shelter wherever covering can be had. By the stoppage of factories one thousand families are dependent on public charity. Most of them lost everything in the bottom lands. Three hundred families are homeless at Terre Haute. At Jeffersonville, seven thousand people were driven from their homes, and fifty houses were afloat. At Toledo several railroad bridges were carried away and the depots and gas works flooded. At Louisville a square mile of territory was under water within the city limits, and from five to eight thousand people driven from their homes with some loss of life. All the Point, comprising 15,000 houses, known as Bowlville, was flooded. Half of Portland and all of Shipping Port was under water, and much suffering was experienced.

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

The Journal says Albuquerque is entirely free from small-pox.

Three Socorro business firms will give $10,000 each toward building a railroad from that point west.

The Waterworks company at Albuquerque is at a stand still, says the Journal, until a serious difficulty is surmounted.

The hospital building at Fort Stanton was burned to the ground one day last week. The fire was caused by a defective flue.

Colonel G. W. Prichard, of Las Vegas, has received the nomination by the president for United States attorney of this territory.

Two pleasure seeking parties from the east recently arrived at Santa Fe. They had their bicycles with them, with which they astonished the natives.

There are nearly four hundred applications for patents to mines at the Mesilla land office, and new applications are coming in every day.—Albuquerque Journal.

Albuquerque will soon be supplied with electric light, and is fast putting on metropolitan airs. We are getting there, and rapidly enough to be sure.—Democrat.

A military company has been organized in San Marcial with J. W. Sager, captain; W. H. Featherstone, first lieutenant, and James Gilbert, second lieutenant. The company is forty-three strong.

The White Oaks road is the talk of the day. Experts are engaged in assaying the coal of the mines in that district and if they give a favorable report work will be immediately pushed forward.

The Rio Grande Republican says a new plant has been discovered in Mexico which is remarkable for its fibre. It is thought that it will revolutionize textile industries, since it is more beautiful than silk.

L. P. Carpenter, a store keeper at Fort Cummings, while absent in Silver City, was robbed by his confidential clerk, Frank Williams, of $1,200. Williams committed the theft as soon as Carpenter started for Silver City, and then took his departure for Mexico.

Charles O'Connor Roberts, reporter for the Albuquerque Democrat, was robbed one night last week by three hold-ups. They captured a gold Waltham watch, gold chain, a three-stone diamond pin, a certificate of deposit for $475, unsigned, and thirty or forty dollars in cash.

A telephone line is being built from Nutt Station to Kingston via Lake Valley and Hillsboro. When the line is completed it will connect with the Western Union Telegraph company at Nutt, and dispatches can be sent to these points and delivered promptly.—Las Vegas Gazette.

Governor Sheldon has ordered two companies of the territorial militia under arms, to stop depredations on cattle and stock in southern New Mexico. Company A, first regiment, was ordered to scout in Dona Ana county, and company B in Grant county. This action is found necessary, as 10,000 head of stock has been stolen in the past month and driven into Mexico and Arizona. Bloody work is expected.

The New York Financial and Mining News says there is a big New Mexican land deal on hand in New York, and the fact is verified by a well-known mining man recently from the metropolis. He says that the Mora land grant has been bonded to a company of English capitalists who will stock it for $2,500,000 and place $40,000 head of cattle on it. This is one of the largest grants in the territory. It consists of 840,000 acres, beginning eighteen miles above Las Vegas and running north to the line of the Maxwell land grant.

Governor Sheldon tells Major Fountain that the armed bands he is in pursuit of are nothing more or less than bandits, and must be treated as public enemies. The governor prefers that they shall be arrested, tried and punished by the courts, but if they happen to be killed while setting the law and government at defiance, it will only be a necessary injictmg t in connection with the restoration of law and order and public security. The Governor has offered a reward of five hundred dollars for the murderer of Navor Gomez, killed at San Marcial last Monday.—Review.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, cautioning all persons against purchasing the following mining property situated in the Apache mining district, Socorro county, New Mexico, to wit: The one-half interest in the Terrible mine, formerly owned by L. L. Case, of Kingston, N. M., as the undersigned have purchased the said interest of the said Case, and are now in lawful possession of the same.

S. B. FERREE,
H. E. BERLEW.

Chloride, Feb. 23, 1883.

Notice of Pre-Emption Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
LA MESILLA, N. M.,
February, 17th, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of intention to make final proof on their respective claims before the register and receiver of the land office at La Mesilla, N. M., on the 26th day of March, A.D. 1883, viz:

J. L. WHEELER, on pre emption declaratory statement No. 433, for the s w ¼ n e ¼, s e ¼ n w ¼, n w ¼ s e ¼ and n e ¼ s w ¼ sec 14, t 12, s r 20 west. Witnesses, P. H. Kelly, R. C. Patterson, W. B. Maxwell and Telesforo Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

W. B. MAXWELL, on pre emption declaratory statement No. 434, for the s w ¼ s w ¼ s w ¼ s e ¼ sec 11 and n e ¼ n w ¼ and n w ¼ n e ¼ sec 14, t 12, s r 20 w. Witnesses, P. H. Kelly, R. C. Patterson, J. L. Wheeler and Telesforo Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

Notice of Homestead Proofs.

U.S. LAND OFFICE,
LA MESILLA, N. M.,
February 12th, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof on their respective claims, before the probate judge of Socorro county N. M., or in his absence before the probate clerk of said county, at his office in Socorro, Socorro county, N. M., on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1883, viz:

PABLO PINO Y VOLLEJAS, on homestead application No. 322, for the w ½ s e ¼ and e ½ s w ¼ sec 5, t 2, s r 14 w. Witnesses: Francisco Baca, Ramon Baca, Donaciano Sanchez and Bensislado Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

JOSE YGNACIO ARAGON, on homestead application No. 323, for the s e ¼ sec 17, t 2, s r 14 w. Witnesses, Francisco Baca, Ramon Baca, Donaciano Sanchez and Bensislado Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

PEDRO BACA, on homestead application No. 328, for the w ½ n e ¼ and e ½ n w ¼ sec 5, t 2, s r 14 w. Witnesses, Francisco Baca, Ramon Baca, Donaciano Sanchez and Bensislado Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

JOSE MAMADRIL, on homestead application No. 329, for the n e ¼ sec 8, t 2, s r 14 w. Witnesses, Francisco Baca, Ramon Baca, Donaciano Sanchez and Bensislado Chavez all of Socorro county N. M.

MELQUIADES ARAGON, on homestead application No. 330, for the s e ¼ n e ¼ e ½ s e ¼ and s w ¼ se ¼ sec 25, t 2, s r 15, w. Witnesses, Francisco Baca, Ramon Baca, Donaciano Sanchez and Bensislado Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

MANUEL PINO, on homestead application No. 382, for the s w ¼ s e ¼ sec 29; w ½ n e ¼ and s e ¼ n w ¼ sec 32, t 1, s r 14 w. Witnesses, Ramon Baca, Bensislado Chavez, Jose Ygnacio Aragon and Pedro Baca all of Socorro county N. M.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

Notice of Homestead Proofs.

U.S. LAND OFFICE,
LA MESILLA, N. M.
February 12th, 1883

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof on their respective claims, before the probate judge of Valencia county, N. M., at Los Lunas, said county and territory, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1883, viz:

BANTISTA GARCIA, on homestead application No. 368, for the s e ¼ sec 30, t 5, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Ambrosio Lucero, Bentura Sanchez, Francisco Juipe and Miguel Baca, all of Valencia county, N. M.

AMBROSIO LUCERO, on homestead application No. 369, for the w ½ n e ¼ and e ½ n w ¼ sec 32, t 4, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Bantista Garcia, Bentura Sanchez, Francisco Juipe and Leonardo Morales, all of Valencia county, N. M.

BENTURA SANCHEZ, on homestead application No. 370, for the s w ¼ sec 30, t 5, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Geronimo Torres, Baptista Garcia, Francisco Juipe and Miguel Baca, all of Valencia county, N. M.

FRANCISCO JUIPE, on homestead application No. 371, for the n w ¼ sec 25, t 5, s r 20 w. Witnesses, Bantista Garcia, Ambrosio Lucero, Bentura Sanchez and Miguel Baca, all of Valencia county, N. M.

MIGUEL BACA, on homestead application No. 372, for the w ½ s w ¼ sec 24, and e ½ s e ¼ sec 23, t 5, s r 20 w. Witnesses, Bantista Garcia, Ambrosio Lucero, Bentura Sanchez and Francisco Juipe, all of Valencia county, N. M.

LEONARDO MORALES, on homestead application No. 373, for the w ½ s e ¼ and e ½ s w ¼ sec 24, t 5, s r 20 w. Witnesses, Miguel Baca, Francisco Juipe, Bentura Sanchez and Ambrosio Lucero, all of Valencia county, N. M.

BENITO BIAS, homestead application No. 374, for the n e ¼ sec 32, t 5, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Geronimo Torres, Bentura Sanchez, Miguel Baca Francisco Juipe, all of Valencia county, N. M.

GERONIMO TORRES, on homestead application No. 375, for the s w ¼ sec 33, t 4, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Benito Bias, Bantista Garcia, Francisco Juipe and Miguel Baca, all of Valencia county, N. M.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

Notice of Pre-Emption Proof.

U. S. Land Office, La Mesilla, N. M.
February 16, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof on their respective claims before the register and receiver of the land office at La Mesilla, N. M., on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1883, viz:

Richard C. Patterson, on homestead application number 256, for the w ½ s e ¼ sec 9, and w ½ n e ¼ sec 16, t 5, s of range 14, w. Witnesses: P. H Kelly, W. W. Wilson, Telesforo Chavez and Bernabel Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

Patrick H. Kelly, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 539, for the n e ¼ n w ¼, n ½ n e ¼, sec 18, and n w ¼ n w ¼ sec 17, t 5, south of range 16 w. Witnesses: R. C. Patterson, W. W. Wilson, T. C Chavez, Bernabel Chavez, all of Socorro county, N. M.

GEO. D Bowman, Register.

Notice of Pre-Emption Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 30th, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof on their respective claims, before the probate judge at Los Lunas, Valencia county, New Mexico, on the 15th day of March, 1883, to wit:

Rafael Samora, on homestead application number 319, for the n w ¼ sec 22, t 2, south of range 17 west, N. M. Pr. M. Witnesses: Henry Connelly, Andres Romero, Jesus Jinso and Ignatio Torres, all of Valencia county, New Mexico.

Juan Jose Samora, on homestead entry number 318, for the s w ¼ s e ¼, s ½ s w ¼, n w ¼ s w ¼ sec 14, t 2, south of range 17 west, N. M. Pr. M. Witnesses: Henry Connelly, Andres Romero, Jesus Jinso and Ignatio Torres, all of Valencia county, N. M.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

Notice of Pre-Emption Proof.

LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 12, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of intention to make final proof on their respective claims before the probate clerk of Socorro county, New Mexico, at Socorro, aforesaid county and territory, on Wednesday, February 21, 1883, viz:

MATHEW DEVLIN, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 382, for the s ½ s w ¼ sec 32, t 1 s, r 16 w, and the e ½ n w ¼ sec 5, t 2, s r 16 w Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Mathew Devlin, Washington Jones and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

MATHEW DEVLIN, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 446, for the lots Nos. 2, 3, 7 and 10, sec 6, t 1, s r 16 w Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Eugene O'Hara, Washington Jones and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

CHARLES DUNBAR, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 447, for the w ½ s e ¼ sec 6, and w ½ n e ¼ sec 7, t 1, s r 19 w. Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Mathew Devlin, Washington Jones and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

JOHN DOYLE, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 448, for the e ½ s w ¼ sec 18, and the e ½ n w ¼ sec 19, t 1, s r 16 w. Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Mathew Devlin, Eugene O'Hara and Washington Jones, all of Socorro county, N. M.

WASHINGTON JONES, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 449, for the e ½ s w ¼ sec 19, and the e ½ n w ¼ sec 30, t 1, s r 16 w. Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Mathew Devlin, Eugene O'Hara and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

EUGENE O'HARA, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 450, for the w ½ s e ¼ sec 30, and the w ½ n e ¼ sec 31, t 1, s r 16 w. Witnesses, Thomas Reynolds, Mathew Devlin, Washington Jones and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

THOMAS REYNOLDS, on pre-emption declaratory statement number 451, for the n ½ s e ¼ sec 31, and w ½ s w ¼ sec 32, t 1, s r 16 w. Witnesses, Charles Dunbar, Mathew Devlin, Washington Jones and John Doyle, all of Socorro county, N. M.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

Notice of Forfeiture.

Fairview, N. M., February 9, 1883.

Notice is hereby given to Lieut. G. Valois, Lieut. S. C Plummer and Charles Fentke that we have expended one hundred dollars in labor upon each of the following mining claims, viz.: the Rifle Shot, Harmony, Little Comstock, Maria, Carbonate and Monarch, all situated in the Cuchillo Negro mining district, Socorro county, New Mexico, for the year 1882, in order to hold possession of said premises under section 2324 of the revised statutes of the United States, and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owners, your interests in said claims will become the property of the undersigned under said section 2324 of said statutes, and you will also pay the cost of this advertisement.

Eugene Knapp,
Otto Luder.

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Notice of Forfeiture.

CHLORIDE, N. M., February 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given to F. H. Strong that we have expended one hundred dollars in labor on the Silver King mining claim, situated in the Apache mining district, Socorro county, New Mexico, for the year 1882, in order to hold possession of said preadses under section 2324 of the revised statutes of the United States, and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the undersigned under said section 2324 of said statutes, and you will also pay the cost of this advertisement.

I. F. Reavis.
W. E. Reavis.

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Notice of Forfeiture.

CHLORIDE, N. M., January 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given to L. L. Case that we have expended one hundred dollars in labor upon the Cub mining claim, situated in the Apache mining district, Socorro county, New Mexico, for the year 1882, in order to hold possession of said premises under section 2324 of the revised statutes of the United States, and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the undersigned under said section 2324 of said statutes, and you will also pay the cost of this advertisement.

J. C. SHAW,
OSCAR PFOTENHAUER,
DEWITT MCKENNEY.

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Notice of Forfeiture.

CHLORIDE, N. M., January 12, 1883

Notice is hereby given to J. G. Singleton that the undersigned has performed the annual assessment work for the year 1882, amounting to one hundred dollars, upon the Omega mining claim situated on Mineral creek, in the Apache mining district, Socorro county, N. M., east slope of Black Range, and you are hereby notified that unless you pay your proportion of the same, viz.: $33.33, within ninety days from the date of the publication of this notice, your interest in the said mine will be forfeited to the undersigned, according to law, and you will also pay the cost of this advertisement.

SOUTHWESTERN MINING CO.
BY G. F. PARMELEE, Pres't.
H. N. CASTLE, Sec'y.

40

Notice of Forfeiture.

CHLORIDE, N. M., January 12, 1883.

Notice is hereby given to A. J. Hughes that we have expended one hundred dollars in labor upon each of the following claims, viz.: the Buckeye, Ontario and Small Hopes, situated in the Apache mining district, and the Silver Brick and Crown Point, situated in the Palomas mining district, all in Socorro county, New Mexico, for the year 1882, in order to hold possession of said premises under section 2324 of the revised statute of the United States, and if within nine y days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claims will become the property of the undersigned under said section 2324 of the said statutes

D. M. LOTHIAN,
J. C. WRIGHT,
E. W. LAYTON.

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No. 118.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago and New Mexico mining company, by its authorized agent, John B. Adams, whose postoffice address is Grafton, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day file its application for a patent for 1,474 linear feet of the Alaska mine or vein bearing silver with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in the Black Range mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and in connection herewith for the ground of the Alaska mill site, situated in said mining district, county and territory aforesaid, said Alaska mining claim being described in and by the field notes and official plat of the survey thereof on file in this office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the claim, a post set in ground and marked s e cor No. 1 A, from which the mineral monument on the top of Ivanhoe peak bears south 20 deg 22 min west 3,365 feet, from which a point of rocks upon which is located the n w cor No. 3 of the Alaska mill site bears south 43 deg 43 min east 312 feet; thence north 89 deg 15 min west 6 00 feet to the southwest corner, a post set in the ground and marked s w cor No. 2 A, from which a shaft bears north 78 deg 52 min east 27 feet; thence north 8 deg 48 m n west 1,474 feet to the northwest corner, a post set in ground and marked n w cor No. 3 A, it being the same corner as corner number 2 of the Smuggler lode; thence south 89 deg 15 min east 319 feet, from which an incline shaft 60 feet deep bears south 17 deg 19 min east 72 feet—600 feet to northeast corner, a post set in ground and marked n e cor No. 4 A, it being the same corner as corner number 1 of the Smuggler lode; thence south 8 deg 48 min east 1,474 feet to place of beginning. Magnetic variation 12 deg 48 min east, containing 20.13 acres. The said Alaska mill site claim being described by and by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner, a post set in ground at the corner of a building on the south side of the main street of the town of Grafton and marked s e cor No. 1 A M S; thence north 64 deg 08 min west 8 chs 32.5 lks to the southwest corner, a post set in ground and marked s w cor No. 2 A M S; thence north 6 deg 07 min east 5 chs 54.7 lks Turkey creek course south 43 deg 14 min east 6 chs 78.9 lks to northwest corner, a post set in monument of stone upon point of rocks near the junction of Turkey creek and mouth of gulch on the old trail from Grafton to Poverty and Wild Horse creeks, and marked n w cor No. 3 A M S; from which the southwest corner number 1 of the Alaska lode claim bears north 43 deg 43 min west 4.73 chs and the mineral monument on top of Ivanhoe peak bears south 25 deg 46 min west 45.18 chs, thence south 53 deg 45 min east 8 chs 51.8 lks to northeast corner, a post set in ground and marked n e cor No. 4 A M S; thence south 13 deg 52 min west 2 chs 85.6 lks Turkey creek course south 43 deg 14 min east—5 chs 28 lks to place of beginning. Magnetic variation 13 deg 48 min east, containing 4.877 acres.

The location of the said Alaska mining claim is recorded in book 3 at page 12, and the location of the said Alaska mill site claim is recorded in book 3 at page 56, in the recorder's office of said Socorro county Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Alaska mine or surface ground or any portion of the ground of the said Alaska mill site, are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

No. 117.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago and New Mexico Mining company, by its duly authorized agent, John B. Adams, whose postoffice address is Grafton, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for fourteen hundred and sixty-seven linear feet of the Montezuma mine or vein bearing silver with surface ground six hundred feet in width, situated in the Black Range mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and described in the field notes and official plat on file in the office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the claim, a post set in the ground and marked s e cor 1 M., mineral monument on Ivanhoe peak, bears south 9 deg 26 min west; thence north 80 deg 15 min west 600 feet along the north end of the Smuggler lode claim to a post set in the ground and marked n w cor 2 M., which bears south 2 deg .05 min west 4,622 feet to the mineral monument on said Ivanhoe peak; thence north 3 deg 43 min east 1,467 feet to a post set in the ground and marked n w cor 3 M; thence south 89 deg 15 min east 600 feet from which a shaft bears south 27 deg 35 min east 161 feet—a peak in the extreme east end of the San Mateo mountains, bears north 68 deg 18 min east—Hagan's peak bears south 11 deg 39 min east, and the mineral monument on said Ivanhoe peak bears 5 deg 35 min west—600 feet to a post set in the ground and marked n e cor 4 M; thence south 3 deg 43 min west 1,467 feet to the place of beginning. Magnetic variation 12 deg 48 min east, containing 20.18 acres.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Socorro county, in book 3, at page 53 and 54. The adjoining claimants are the Smuggler lode claim south and adjoining the Montezuma. Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Montezuma mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

No. 116.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
December 4th, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that E. J. Fields, H. G. Bond, E. Nelson and G. B. McAulay, whose postoffice address is Chloride, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day filed his application for a patent for fourteen hundred and ninety-three (1493) linear feet of the Wall Street No. 2 mine or vein, bearing silver, with surface ground five hundred and eighty (580) feet in width, situated in Apache mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as lot number 308, said lot number 308 being as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the n e corner No. 1, a cedar post 5 in x 4 ft long, surrounded by a monument of stones and marked "n e corner W. St. No. 2,"—variation 12 deg 10 min e. The highest point on top of prominent conical point of rocks on hill north of claim is located n 48 deg 32 min w, 479 ft from said n e corner No. 1. Thence n 58 deg 08 min w 1,493 ft to n w cor, a cedar post surrounded by a monument of stones, marked "n w cor W. St. No. 2." Thence s 48 deg 57 min w 580 ft to s w cor No. 3, a pinon post surrounded by a monument of stones, marked "s w cor W. St. No 2." Thence s 58 deg 08 min e 993 ft to Chloride creek, 1493 ft across said creek to s e cor No. 4, a cedar post surrounded by a monument of stones and marked "s e corner W. St. No. 2." Said corner is located on the south bank of Chloride creek and bears n 6 deg 48 min w 709 ft to the top of conical point of rocks before mentioned. From said corner a 68 foot tunnel bears n 20 deg 55 min w 421 ft. and a 55 foot tunnel bears n 5 deg 12 min e 254 ft. Thence n 48 deg 57 min e 580 ft across Chloride creek to place of beginning. Magnetic variation 12 deg 10 min e, containing 18.97 acres.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Socorro county, New Mexico, in book 3, page 14, of mining records. The adjoining claim on the east is the Wall Street.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said "Wall Street No 2" mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute. GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

No. 119.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago and New Mexico mining company, by its authorized agent, John B. Adams, whose postoffice address is Grafton, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for fifteen hundred (1500) linear feet of the Rapidan mine or vein bearing silver and copper, with surface ground six hundred (600) feet in width, situated in the Black Range mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and described in the field notes and official plat on file in this office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the claim, a post set in ground and marked s e cor No. 1 R; thence north 89 deg 15 min west 281 feet, from which a shaft bears north 59 deg 45 min east 50 feet—600 feet along the north end of the Alaska lode claim to the south east corner, a post set in ground and marked s w cor No. 2 R, it being the same corner as corner number 3 of the said Alaska lode claim; thence north 5 deg .03 min west 214 feet to the northwest corner, a post set in ground and marked n w cor No. 3 R, it being the same corner as corner number 2 of the Montezuma lode claim, and bears south 2 deg .05 west 4,622 feet to the mineral monument on top of Ivanhoe peak; thence south 89 deg 15 min east 600 feet along the south end of the Montezuma lode claim to the northeast corner, a post set in ground and marked n e cor 4 R; Ivanhoe peak mineral monument bears south 9 deg 26 min west, thence south 5 deg .03 min east 244 feet to place of beginning. Magnetic variation 12 deg 48 min east, containing 3.36 acres.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Socorro county, in book 3, at page 69. The adjoining claimants are the Alaska lode claim at the south and the Montezuma lode claim at the north. Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Smuggler mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

No. 120.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago and New Mexico mining company, by its duly authorized agent, John B. Adams, whose postoffice address is Grafton, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for 244 linear feet of the Smuggler mine or vein bearing silver, with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in the Black Range mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and described in the field notes and official plat on file in this office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the claim, a post set in ground and marked s e cor No. 1 S; thence north 89 deg 15 min west 281 feet, from which a shaft bears north 59 deg 45 min east 50 feet—600 feet along the north end of the Alaska lode claim to the southeast corner, a post set in ground and marked s w cor No. 2 S, it being the same corner as corner number 3 of the said Alaska lode claim; thence north 5 deg .03 min west 214 feet to the northwest corner, a post set in ground and marked n w cor No. 3 S, it being the same corner as corner number 2 of the Montezuma lode claim, and bears south 2 deg .05 west 4,622 feet to the mineral monument on top of Ivanhoe peak; thence south 89 deg 15 min east 600 feet along the south end of the Montezuma lode claim to the northeast corner, a post set in ground and marked n e cor 4 S; Ivanhoe peak mineral monument bears south 9 deg 26 min west, thence south 5 deg .03 min east 244 feet to place of beginning. Magnetic variation 12 deg 48 min east, containing 3.36 acres.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Socorro county, in book 3, at page 69. The adjoining claimants are the Alaska lode claim at the south and the Montezuma lode claim at the north. Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Smuggler mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

No. 119.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT

U. S. LAND OFFICE, LA MESILLA, N. M.
January 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago and New Mexico mining company, by its authorized agent, John B. Adams, whose postoffice address is Grafton, Socorro county, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for fifteen hundred (1500) linear feet of the Rapidan mine or vein bearing silver and copper, with surface ground six hundred (600) feet in width, situated in the Black Range mining district, county of Socorro and territory of New Mexico, and described in the field notes and official plat on file in this office as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the claim, a post set in ground and marked s e cor No. 1 R; thence north 89 deg 15 min west 281 feet, from which a shaft bears north 59 deg 45 min east 50 feet—600 feet along the north end of the Alaska lode claim to the southeast corner, a post set in ground and marked s w cor No. 2 R; thence north 5 deg .03 min west 214 feet to the northwest corner, a post set in ground and marked n w cor No. 3 R; thence south 89 deg 15 min east 600 feet to northeast corner, a post set in ground and marked n e cor No. 4 R, whence from a point 51 feet south 70 deg 50 min east from said northeast corner the peak at the extreme east end of the San Mateo mountains bears north 72 deg and 50 min east, and south 70 deg 26 min east to a pointed peak in the Cuchillo Negro mountains west of Edwards' camp and southeast of Argentine pass, thence south 22 deg 10 min west 1,506 feet to the place of beginning; a point on the east side line 77 feet from the southeast corner bears south 74 deg 36 min east to the pointed peak above mentioned. Magnetic variation 13 deg .09 min east, containing 20 63 acres.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Socorro county aforesaid, in book 3, page 310. Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Rapidan mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the United States land office at La Mesilla, in the territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute. GEO. D. BOWMAN, Register.

LIVE BUSINESS MEN.

Assay Office and Sampling Mill

—OF—

H. C. DICKINSON, Socorro, N. M.

Assays sent by mail or express attended to promptly and accurately. MILL RUNS made on lots of ores not exceeding 2,000 pounds.

WRITE FOR TERMS.

THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL

SHIELDS & SMITH, Proprietors, Las Cruces, N. M.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

HACKS TO AND FROM TRAINS.

ANTONIO Y A. ABEYTIA, President. GEO. G. STILES, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

P. DORSEY. A. G. AKIN, GEO. G. STILES, ANTONIO Y A. ABEYTIA.

Socorro County Bank,

SOCORRO, N. M.

Buys and sells Exchange, makes Collections on all points, and transacts a general Banking Business. Banking hours from 9:00 a. m. to 3:00 p. m.

STOVER, CRARY & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NEW ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Orders from mining camps and all interior points promptly attended to.

GEORGE TURNER,

Successor to J. J. Dalglish & Co.

PIONEER STORE,

CHLORIDE, N. M.

General Merchandise and Miners' Supplies

Of every character and description, suited to the demands of this section, kept in large and varied assortment.

California Canned Goods, Clothing and Blankets.

AT THE POSTOFFICE.

THE BLACK RANGE.

Friday, February 23, 1883.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year.....$3 00
Six months.....1 75
Three months.....1 00
Single copies.....10 cents

FAIRVIEW.

A. W. Thurman has six good looking prospects in the Cuchillos, upon which he has been doing work. He recently obtained an assay of $85 from the surface of one them. Mr. Thurman will soon make a change of base, and prospect in the north end of the main range.

The citizens of Fairview do not appreciate promiscuous shooting of fire arms in their town, to the danger of property and life, any more than the citizens of other places, and they propose to take some effective means of making it understood the next time occasion demands it.

Col. Nulton received answer to his letter to the Pacific Iron Works, at San Francisco, that owing to present engagement the man he wanted to take charge of his smelter could not be here for thirty days. The Colonel thinks it policy to wait rather than take the chances of getting an incompetent man.

Two more men have been put to work on the Black Knife, making eight men altogether besides the superintendent, now employed there. The mine is improving with the progression of work, and from the indications Mr. White, the superintendent, has no doubt but that sufficient ore will be obtained to keep the smelter running steadily.

Mr. G. W. Fogg, representing the Pacific Iron Works of San Francisco, came into the range on Monday's coach. Previous to coming here he had visited Cerrillos and the Magdalenas, and reports the Kelley and Hardscrabble properties as looking very fine. He also visited the Merritt mine, and says they have a fine body of ore and that arrangements are being made to take out fifty tons per day.

GRAFTON.

G. W. Fogg, Superintendent of the Pacific Iron Works, was at the Occidental this week.

Hill and Robinson's cabin was burglarized while they were out on their ranches on the Gila.

A. J. Duran who has been sick for the past week, is again able to get around and will start for his home in Bartlet, Texas, in a few days.

Upon resuming work in the north drift of the 170 foot level in the Occidental this week, a very fine body of mineral was uncovered.

The probabilities are that there will be a wedding or two within the jurisdiction of our court as our J. P. is looking for a marriage ceremony.

George Stone has gone to Lake Valley to act as body guard for his uncle. No farther trouble is anticipated as his Jesus [Blanco] is ever with him.

The Royal Arch is rapidly improving with depth. At the one hundred foot level there is a two and one-half foot vein of mineralized quartz, averaging form sixty to seventy dollars in silver. No assays have been made for gold, but it will probably run well as a number of nuggets have been taken from the bottom of the shaft.

Last Friday between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a. m., a woman who probably at one stage of her career was a "lily of the field," but who has long since blossomed and fallen from womanhood, and is leading a life of shame in our midst, has drawn some of our most worthy young men with her in her downward course, and when at last, one young man saw the evil of his ways and turned his back to the evil that beset him, the bubble burst. The fallen lily saw fit to play the old game of attempting to committ suicide by taking opium, but being careful to take it in the presence of one whom she knew could and would travel at the swiftest speed to secure a doctor to save her life. The play was a success; the doctor arrived, and after administering the proper remedies the patient recovered. She gave it as her reason for the rash act, that her lover had deserted her. Whether this was the love of Ingomar, "two souls with but a single thought, two hearts that beat as one," or whether it was the love of the money there was in the business, I will let the reader determine. Let it be said to the credit of the would be lover that he has determined in his resolution to reform, and fearing lest the temptation would be greater than he could bear, he left a profitable business for a more congenial clime where he would be out of sight of the fallen lily.

CHLORIDE.

In the eastern states this would be called glorious May weather.

Johnny Plemmons returned from Kansas, on Wendnesday's coach.

Capt. Bryant leaves Tecumseh, Neb., next Monday on his way to the range.

Wm. Kellem has opened up his restaurant in the old Monte Christo building.

George Turner made a trip to Hermosa last Sunday, returning Tuesday evening.

Hugh Love is up from Kingston, and will make Chloride his headquarters for a while.

Although somewhat impromptu the social party last evening proved to be a very pleasant affair.

Dalton Dalglish was in his old position behind the counter during Mr. Turner's absence this week.

F. A. Richards has disposed of his business interests at San Marcial, and is back again among his old friends.

E. C. Gillem, one of the proprietors of the Silver Monument, was in town this week. He sees a good deal of improvement since his departure from here last spring.

The receipt of some nice wedding cake and a flask of "Orpad Haraszthy & Co's. Eclipse, Extra Dry," with compliments of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith, makes the printers wish there was a wedding every week.

The Trail claim, belonging to Dr Driscoll, is being opened up by a shaft. J. H. Drake is doing the work. The doctor has several other claims which he means to have prospected before long.

Martin Wegman's adobe building is being fitted up for occupancy, and when completed it will be one of the nicest business rooms in the town. Dr. Driscoll, of the City Drug Store will occupy it.

M. H. Chamberlin, came into the range from Colorado, last Friday, to take a look at the mines about here. He expresses surpise at the number of fissure veins in this section, and is pleased with its outlook.

Joe Thorne, Jim Blain and Don Cameron are in from the Gila, where they have been for the past three or four weeks putting up buildings on their ranches. Their company have ten ranches between the Gila and Helita rivers, near the head of the latter.

George Beebe returned from Hermosa (Palomas Camp) last Saturday. He reports the bright prospects of that camp still improving. Three shifts are now pushing the work on the Palomas Chief, and they are finding native silver in black lime. The Albatross is employing two shifts, and still maintains its good indications. Tom Kittrell and Jim Moody have their cabin completed and have commenced work on the Flag Staff and the American Flag. Both these claims have large and strongly mineralized ledges, and the surface indications are that they will make first-class properties.

Nuptials.

From Adam down the world has been marrying and giving in marriage, and strange to say that an event so common can never take place without something of a sensation; without its being talked over among the special friends of the parties concerned days in advance, and then talked over days after by the entire community. The Jews discussed this question with the most profound master in history, and while he was giving them a view of the events which were to wind up history, he did not besitate to say that in the "last days" there would be marrying and giving in marriage. One of these events occurred in Chloride yesterday. By that it is not to be inferred that these are the "last days" of Chloride. Rather is it a prophecy of its more permanent future, and an earnest of the fact that these hills and this little valley cove wherein is located Chloride, but two short years ago the abode and haunt of the murderous Indian, will soon become the home of peaceful families, enjoying their quiet homes and rising into luxury and elegance from the production of these hills where their untold treasure only awaits the labor of honest toil and generous enterprise to make it available to the uses of the country.

But enough of this as an introduction to the social event of the season in our quiet little town, viz.: The marriage of Mr. J. M. Smith to Mrs. Mary Roundy, nee Parker, by Rev. Samuel Andrews, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. yesterday. The bridal party were attended by our courtly and popular townsman, Mr. George Turner as groomsman, and the estimable Miss Alice Barnes, an intimate friend of the bride. We will not enter into the details of Mr. Turner's toilet—he would look like a prince in a suit of miner's duck. Enough to say he was appropriately attired, and one would have thought him a professional groomsman from the way he conducted himself, while the manner in which the parson tied the knot made us think that we could write a fair article on "Marriage Made Easy," and gave us not a little encouragement to hurry back to our den and muse and smoke over the inducements there were for us take the same step ourself.

But the ladies. We do not pretend to be experts in the matter of ladies' toilets, and still we understand that no notice of this sort is perfect without describing the toilette of the bride and bridesmaid. We fire this shot therefore at random, very much as a man who draws up his rifle for his first shot at a mountain stag. Everybody that knows the bride knows that she is handsome. She is married and this will not be regarded as flattery. Smith is lucky—Smith, you are, and you know it. Some men are born to luck, and we have often thought that Smith when he was pressing his suit for the hand of the bride and she hesitated (if she did hesitate) he with a sigh for her encouragement would assure her by saying—"Dreadnaught." Now we are not saying this out of envy—we are not that sort of a man; but we often think that a poor devil has but a slim show in this world. But what has this to do with the toilette? The bride was dressed in a walking suit of navy blue silk trimmed with brocade satin and point lace, high neck with half tight sleeves, panniers looped at the side with bunches of flowers and bows, with double box plaited skirt; bonnet of sky blue plush trimmed with point lace, ostrich tips and lace ties. Miss Alice Barnes, the bridesmaid, wore a Princess costume of olive green gro-grain silk, and hat of same style to match. How is that for a description? If we have made any miss in our first shot on describing dress, let the readers walk up and subscribe for the BLACK RANGE for a year, C. O. D.

Now that we have described the toilets we take a rest for a half hour to recuperate our energies.

* * * * * * *

We are "at home." A more elegant set of guests never witnessed a more important event. Mr. Thomas Parker and Mr. Knight Parker, father and brother of the bride, Mrs. Meade, sister of the bride, Dr. G. S. Haskell, Mr. W. H. Berry, Mr. and Mrs. Lecraft, Mr W. H. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell, Mrs. Andrews, wife of the officiating clergyman, Mr. L. Bougard, Mr. I. H. Gray and others. Parties from Fairview, Grafton and Robinson were in attendance.

The event was indeed a social one, and the wind up—the wind up! Here is our forte! The table! the feast! at the Chloride hotel, gotten up under the auspices of H. E. Rickert, proprietor. Here was a place at which we had but little inclination to talk—we had other matters of importance on hand. The bill of fare seemed like a selection of the best things from Delmonico of New York, the American in Boston, the Palmer in Chicago, etc., etc. Each step of this social event was a success, and in the future if Mr. and Mrs. Smith move in any social event, we can say to all invited—"Dreadnaught."

The following is a list of the presents made to the bride and groom by their numerous friends: Dozen silver knives and forks, W. E. Taylor; dozen silver table and tea-spoons, W. H. Berry; half-dozen silver table and tea-spoons, pair of gents night wear, I. H. Gray; silver cake basket W. M. Robbins; silver caster, A. R. Bowe; dozen table linen and half dozen linen towels, J. B. Taylor; large center lamp, box cigars, L. Bougard; large mirror, J. H. Beeson; large chromo, Bryant & Holmes; large chromo, landscape, K. Parker; fancy corner bracket, Miss Fanny Duvall; fancy lamp stand, R. Norton; eight-day mantel clock, Blun Bros.; lamp and bracket, Mrs. Andrews; perfumery, towels and handkercheifs, etc. Geo. Turner; pair French vases, C. F. Winters; fancy house broom, Mrs. F. Caldwell; Aztec quirt (personal to groom), I. H. Gray; writing material, Thos. Parker; suit ladies' night wear, set china ware, Mrs. Gus. Duvall; album and organ, Wm. Driscoll; cabinet photo, Mrs. C. C. Harris; toilet set, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rickert.

Smith, here's to you. Good bye. Long may you wave. Look out for us, we are coming too. Whatever betides you—sunshine or storm, calm skies, or "squalls," let your motto be "Dreadnaught."

MINING NEWS.

The owners of the Kelley mine, situated in the Magdalena mountains, have leased the Socorro smelter for three months, with the privilege of buying it at the end of that time.

New strikes in the northern section of the Black Range are attracting considerable attention among mining men in this city; and well it may, as this portion of Socorro county will surprise many before very long.—Albuquerque Democrat.

A soap mine has been discovered in California. The substance is a deposit of white earth, free from grit, and impregnated with a small percentage of potash. It is easily sliced into bars, and, for cleaning purposes is a fair substitute for manufactured soap.

James McCone made a big mining strike at the Cow Springs camp last week. He found a ledge along which runs a streak of carbonate ore about eighteen inches wide, running very high in silver. One assay made in Silver City, went as high as four thousand ounces.—Grant County Sentinel.

Cor. Silver City Enterprise: Hanover Gulch just now presents a lively appearance. Fully 200 men are employed in developing its mines, and vast bodies of high grade ore are being exposed daily. The primative tent of the past two years is being rapidly replaced by the handsome frame house of the man who come to stay, and on every side the busy hum of industry fills the air....J. M. Hutchinson, of Central, is about to open a general store here, which is badly needed. He also proposes to start a stage line between here and Silver City. Both projects will pay well....A post-office is badly needed, the nearest post-office being Fort Bayard.

We hear of an extraordinary strike that has been made by Hank Dorsey in the Burros. The specimens are horn and native silver of marvelous richness. Mr. Dorsey has taken up a large number of claims and it is rumored that when the character of the district shall have been divulged it will create a great excitement. Thus far it has been kept a profound secret.—New Southwest.

New Mexico produced nearly $4,000,000 in precious metals last year, and with the exception of Grant county the mines in the remainder of the territory were only being prospected. This year will double the yield and this arithmetical progression may be maintained for years to come. Astonishing developments may be anticipated this year.—Stockman.

New Mexican: A big strike has been made in the Kelley mine in the Magdalena district. The ore will run 250 ozs. to the ton and contains considerable wire silver. The strike was kept a secret for some time and accounts for the purchases recently made by the Kelley company....The ore in the Merritt mine is increasing in richness, and men are put on as fast as places can be found for them.

Negotiations are now pending for the sale of a group of eleven mines in the Swisshelm mountains, Carlilse county, Arizona, belonging to Adam Clarke and J. W. Fleming of this city. The claims are reported as being extraordinarily rich; the lowest assay yet made from the ore on the dumps, of which there is about 300 tons, runs sixty-four ounces in silver. The district is well watered and is covered with excellent wood.—New Southwest.

A New Mexican special from Socorro, dated the 13th, says: "Great excitement has been occasioned on account of a rich strike being made in the Iron Mask mine, in the Magdalena district. A face of three feet of copper glance, assaying 2,000 ounces of silver to the ton, has been struck in the face of the main drift. The extent of the ore body is not known, but it must be immense. Property in the district that one week ago was of no value whatever is now held at the most fabulous prices."

One of the most remarkable discoveries of silver ever made in New Mexico has lately been made by Maj. Chas. G. Van Fleet, in the Burro mountains. Ore that will run 85 per pound is on our table. The vein from which it comes is eight feet wide. The claim is located about twelve miles from Silver City, and the camp gathering around it is designed to be one of the first camps in Grant county. Those who are incredulous can call and see.—Southwest.

Mining in New Mexico is comparatively new, and those who look for great results in the way of ore production in the immediate future are doomed to disappointment. It takes time and money to put a good property on a paying basis, and New Mexico has not as yet, except in the case of a few old or exceptionally rich mines, had the advantage of either. That the territory has plenty of good mines few are disposed to doubt, and that it has a large number of exceedingly rich properties a great many people know. But the era of production has not yet arrived, and indeed the era of development has but fairly begun. New Mexico is destined to become a great mineral producing territory, and may indeed outrival Colorado in time, but it will not be this year and probably not next.—Mining Review.

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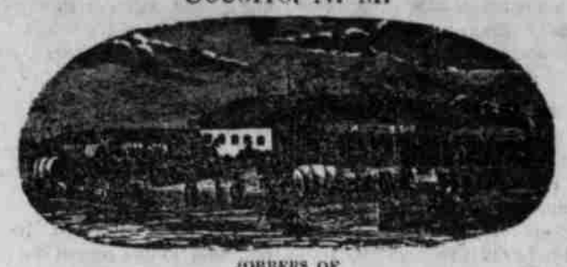

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A LARGE STOCK OF MATERIAL

on hand at all times, and will deliver it to any part of the Range, at reasonable figures.

JOHN McBRIDE, Manager.

CLIPPINGS.

The $75,000 won by Miss Livingstone against Mr. Fleming, of New York, having been pronounced the heaviest verdict ever gained for breach of promise, a St. Louis paper recalls one of $100,000 given to Miss Karstrong against the millionaire Shaw, of that city, years ago.

Prof. Wilson, of St. Louis, announced that he would go into a trance and remain in that condition three days. Several physicians watched him, and their opinion is that he really remained unconscious for that period. If he was shamming he did it very cleverly, for he was motionless, and neither ate nor drank anything. Wilson says that this was an episode in his development as a religious prophet.—St. Louis Post.

A notable blast was discharged Jan. 11th, at the limestone quary of the Glendon Iron company, Easton Pa., displacing it was estimated, 130,000 tons of rock. The blast was made in a hill 150 high and very steep. Three tunnels, about 100 feet apart, were run into the hill northward, and two smaller tunnels run to the east and west. In the six chambers at the ends of the tunnels were placed 29,000 pounds of Judson powder, having, it was estimated, the rendering force of 36,000 pounds of common powder. The blast was fired by electricity. It was the heaviest ever made in that part of the country, and one of the heaviest recorded.—Philadelphia Mining Journal.

The claimants for the ground upon which the national capitol is built have turned up again, this time in Pittsburgh, and with documents which they assert cannot be ignored by the government. This ground is part of a vast estate originally owned by Samuel Blackman, who died in 1789. The claimants say that his two daughters leased the tract in the District of Columbia upon which the capitol buildings stand for a term of ninety-nine years, which lease has but five years to run. Afterward holders of the land tried to perfect their title, and had the necessary papers drawn up, but which, it is alleged, were never signed. Other deeds and documents will be produced at the proper time. The heirs to this estate number about eighty. When they move into the White House it will not be so lonely as it is now.—Indianapolis Journal.

Just His Way.

"I see," she observed as she looked up from her paper, "that another woman, who was perfectly sane all the time, has just been released from a lunatic asylum after a detention for three years."

"Yes," briefly replied her husband.

"She was incarcerated by her husband."

"Yes."

"In case you desired to dispose of me you would probably have me shut up in a lunatic asylum."

"No, ma'am; I should poison you. That's the cheaper and better way. As a man of business, and as an adocate of financial economy, I have thought this matter over time and again, and I should certainly prefer to spend fifteen cents for arsenic to paying out $10 or $15 per week for goodness knows how long."

She looked at him a long time, with a whole iceberg in each eye, and then turned to her paper with the remark: "Just like your stingy ways; you never want me to have anything like other folks."

Putting On Style.

A legislator noticed a brother legislator on a very cold day without any overcoat, so he asked:

"Where is your overcoat?"

"It's at the pawnbroker's shop. I have had bad luck at monte."

"Well, if you can't wear the overcoat, why don't you pin the pawn ticket on your back, and let the people know that they are fooling themselves when they think you havn't got one. You should remember that you are expected to maintain the dignity of the state of Texas while you are here in Austin."—Texas Siftings.

WITTICISMS.

What is the difference between a timid child and a shipwrecked sailor? One clings to his mar and the other to his spar.

There is a town in Dakota named Billings. It is named after the great "Josh," but it hasn't had a bad spell since it was founded.

In refusing to purchase his wife a $4 bamboo easel, the wretch of a husband accused the partner of his bosom of trying to bamboozle him.

Milton was asked if he intended to instruct his daughter in the different languages, to which he replied: "No, sir; one tongue is sufficient for a woman!"

A question for lawyers: If a flea bites a dog, and so enrages the animal that the dog bites a man, can the flea be indicted as an accessory before the fact?

Edith—The reason that editors' wives don't wear diamonds is because they fear that strangers will think their husbands are pawnbrokers.—Philadelphia News.

"Bless me, Emily, you don't look as well as usual—indeed, I do not think I ever saw you looking so old as you do to-day." "My dear, I never was as old as I am to-day."

Pies date back to the time of the Romans, and came originally from Picardy. Some of the original pies, remarks an exchange, are still for sale at railroad restaurants.

"Have you in your album any original poetry?" asked one young lady of another. "No," was the reply, "but some of my friends have favored me with some original spelling."

"Poor man!" observed Mrs. Partington, "and so he's gone at last! Ninety-eight, was he? Dear, dear! to think how that if he'd only lived two years more, he'd have been a centurion!"

"The Pendleton sivil-service bill has passed," remarked Mr. Wigglesworth, from the interior of his paper. "Well, I'm glad of that," said his wife; "and now I hope our hired girl will have a little more manners.—Rockland Courier-Gazette.

A London scientist calls attention in the Times of that city to a second tail which was noticed in Gould's comet. Pretty soon a comet won't amount to much unless it has as many long tails as a New York weekly story paper.—Norristown Herald.

"Gentlemen, you may not think it, but I have stood on the top round of the ladder," said an inebriated individual who was haranguing the crowd. "Troth, thin," exclaimed one of his hearers, "that same ladther must a been lyin' flat on the ground."

"What's the crowd about?" queried a stranger, as he noticed a stream of visitors going into a fashionable residence. "It's a silver wedding," obligingly replied his informant. "What's a silver weddin'?" "Why a chap's been married twenty-five times, and he is a celebatin' of it."

"Why don't you come to Sunday school?" said a superintendent to a boy. "'Cause pa owes my teacher for a pair of boots, an' the teacher got to sendin' notes home by me, an' pa said I needn't go any more till he paid for the boots, an' I don't reckon I'll go any more.—Arkansaw Trave'er.

A new baby arrived in the family of a Louisville journalist, and papa was excessively proud over the event. Turning to the old black nurse, "Aunty," said he, stroking its little pate, "this boy seems to have a journalistic head. "Oh," cried the untutored old aunty soothingly, "never you mind 'bout dat; dat'll come all right in time."

In the recent but now moss-grown holiday, a small boy accompanied his mamma to the sacred edifice on Christmas day, and having duly contemplated the evergreen symbols in the chancel where triangles and trefoils demonstrated the Trinity, vociferated unquenchably, "Mamma, do they say their prayers to the aces of spades and clubs?"

The following explains the difference between "luck" and "chance:" You take a girl out the theatre and discover that you havn't a cent in your pocket. You are, of course, compelled to invite her to an oyster saloon after the performance. She refuses for some reason; that's "luck;" but the "chance" is a million to one she will accept.

A curious advertisement appeared in a late issue of the Liverpool Mercury. It read as follows: "I lost my purse containing two guineas, and a sixpence. The finder can keep the gold if he will return the sixpence, as it was the amount of damages I received from the Midland railway for breaking my leg. The bit of silver cost me £210. George Amesbury."

A pretty naivete of a child. Mlle. Lili was asked this problem: "Ten cents a day, how much would that make a week?' Mlle. Lili reflected, counted her fingers, and replied: "That makes seventy cents." "Very well done," said hergrandfather, and he gave her seventy cents. "Oh, how sorry I am," cried Lili, "that I did not say that ten times seven made a dollar.—French Paper.

An old colored man, with his legs twisted up like corkscrews from rheumatism, and also partly paralyzed, sits on the steps of the Austin court house and solicits alms. "You must have a pretty hard time of it uncle," remarked a sympathetic stranger, handing him a nickel. "Yes, boss, dat's a fact. Dar's six of us in de family, and I'se de only one able to get about and earn a libin'. —Texas Siftings.

"In our country," said the Englishman, as he leaned back in his chair, "before we marry we arrange to settle a certain sum upon the wife." "Yes, I know, replied the American, "but with us it is different. It is after we are married that we settle everything on the wife and arrange to beat our creditors." "Haw! I see. And how do the creditors take it?" "They never find anything to take."—Detroit Free Press.

A South End woman received a telegram, and her face blanched and her hand trembled as she held the unopened envelope before her. Giving it to her daughter, she said: "read it." The girl obeyed. "Papa has broken his leg and gone to the hospital," she said. The mother's face brightened, "Thank heaven it is no worse," she said; "I feared he might be going to bring some one home to dinner!"—Boston Post.

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